

**MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION - COMMUTATIVE ALGEBRA -  
MMATH - 29 SEPTEMBER 2010**

Attempt all questions. All rings considered are commutative with 1. Total Marks - 50.  
Time - 3 hrs.

- (1) Let  $A$  be the ring  $\mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z}$ .
  - (a) Let  $\mathcal{P} = 2\mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z}$  denote the prime ideal of  $A$  generated by (the coset class of) 2 in  $A$ . Show that the localization  $A_{\mathcal{P}}$  is isomorphic to the ring  $\mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$ . (5 marks)
  - (b) Is  $A$  of finite length as a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module? If yes, exhibit a composition series and compute its length? (5 marks)
- (2)
  - (a) Compute  $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$  for  $n, m$  any two positive integers. (5 marks)
  - (b) For  $M, N$  two  $A$ -modules and  $I \subset A$  an ideal, prove that  $\frac{M}{IM} \otimes_A \frac{N}{IN} \cong \frac{M \otimes_A N}{I(M \otimes_A N)}$ . (5 marks)
- (3) True or False? Justify your answers.
  - (a) An artinian module is always noetherian. (3 marks)
  - (b) A subring of a noetherian ring is always a noetherian ring. (3 marks)
  - (c) If  $M$  is a noetherian  $A$ -module, then  $A$  must be a noetherian ring. (4 marks)
- (4) True or false? Justify your answers.
  - (a) A power of a prime ideal is always a primary ideal. (5 marks)
  - (b) If  $A$  is a PID, then an ideal  $I$  of  $A$  is a primary ideal, if and only if, it is the power of a prime ideal. (5 marks)
- (5)
  - (a) Let  $k$  be a field,  $A = k[x, y]$  be the polynomial ring in two variables and let  $I \subset A$  be the ideal  $(x).(x, y)$  (expressed as the product of two ideals). Exhibit (with proof) a minimal primary decomposition of  $I$ , write the associated primes, list which are embedded primes and which are isolated/minimal primes. (5 marks)
  - (b) The same question for the ring  $A = k[x, y, z]$  and the ideal  $I = (x).(x, y).(x, y, z)$  (hint: use the first part to make a guess). (5 marks)